

1. Identification of the substance/preparation and company/undertaking

Product name	Castrol Hyspin ZZ 46
SDS no.	450828
Use of the substance/preparation	Hydraulic fluid For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
Supplier	BP Southern Africa(Pty) Ltd 10 Junction Avenue Parktown Johannesburg South Africa 2193 Product Technical Helpdesk: 0800 111 551
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	+27 (0)860 222166 Tygerberg Poison Centre: +27 (0)21 931 6129
E-mail address	MSDSadvice@bp.com

2. Hazards identification

This preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC as amended and adapted.

Environmental hazards	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Additional hazards	Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. See 'Medical Advice' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Highly refined mineral oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Chemical name	CAS no.	%	EINECS / ELINCS.	Classification
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	128-39-2	0.1 - 1	204-884-0	N; R50/53
trixyl phosphate	68952-35-2	0.1 - 1	273-168-8	Xn; R21/22 Xi; R38 N; R51/53

See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately.
Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

5 . Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Not suitable

Do not use water jet.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Unusual fire/explosion hazards

None identified.

Special fire-fighting procedures

None identified.

Protection of fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

6 . Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Water polluting material.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7 . Handling and storage

Handling

Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways.

Storage

Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

This product does not have any assigned OELs.

Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health and appropriate control measures put in place to prevent or adequately control exposure. A hierarchy of control measures exists (e.g. elimination, substitution, general ventilation, containment, systems of work, changing the process or activity) that must be considered before use of personal protective equipment. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protective equipment is not normally required where there is adequate natural or local exhaust ventilation to control exposure.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Respiratory protective equipment must be checked to ensure it fits correctly each time it is worn.

Air-filtering respirators, also called air-purifying respirators, will not be adequate under conditions of oxygen deficiency (i.e. low oxygen concentration), and would not be considered suitable where airborne concentrations of chemicals with a significant hazard are present. In these cases air-supplied breathing apparatus will be required.

Provided an air-filtering/air-purifying respirator is suitable, a filter for particulates can be used for mist or fume. Use filter type P or comparable standard. A combination filter for particles, organic gases and vapours (boiling point >65°C) may be required if mist or fume is present as well as vapour. Use filter type AP or comparable standard.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely.

Recommended: nitrile gloves

Protective gloves will deteriorate over time due to physical and chemical damage. Inspect and replace gloves on a regular basis. The frequency of replacement will depend upon the circumstances of use.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)

9 . Physical and chemical properties

General information**Appearance****Physical state**

Liquid.

Colour

Amber.

Important health, safety and environmental information**Flash point**

Closed cup: >190°C (>374°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Viscosity

Kinematic: 46 mm²/s (46 cSt) at 40°C

Density

900 kg/m³ (0.9 g/cm³) at 15°C

Solubility

insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient (LogKow)

>1

10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Materials to avoid Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products Combustion products may include the following:
carbon oxides
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 . Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Unlikely to cause harm to the skin on brief or occasional contact but prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to dermatitis.

Unlikely to cause harm if accidentally swallowed in small doses, though larger quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

At normal ambient temperatures this product will be unlikely to present an inhalation hazard because of its low volatility. May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

Chronic toxicity
Chronic effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Effects and symptoms
Eyes No significant health hazards identified.
Skin No significant health hazards identified.
Inhalation No significant health hazards identified.
Ingestion No significant health hazards identified.

12 . Ecological information

Persistence/degradability	Inherently biodegradable
Mobility	Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.
Environmental hazards	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Other ecological information	Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

13 . Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations / Waste information	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Unused product	
European waste catalogue (EWC)	13 01 10* mineral based non-chlorinated hydraulic oils However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

14 . Transport information

Not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA)

15 . Regulatory information

Label requirements	
Risk phrases	R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Safety phrases	S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.
Other regulations	
Inventories	Europe inventory: All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
National regulations	National legislation: Occupational Health and Safety Act (Act 85 of 1993).

16 . Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3	R21/22- Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed. R38- Irritating to skin. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
History	
Date of issue	16/04/2008.
Date of previous issue	No previous validation.
Prepared by	Product Stewardship Group
Notice to reader	Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at

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work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

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